

ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)
ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)
DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL AND PRODUCTION ENGINEERING

Mid Semester Examination
Course Code: IPE 4609
Course Title: Product Design I

Summer Semester: 2021 - 2022
Full Marks: 75
Time: 1 Hour 30 Minutes

There are **three** questions. Answer **all** of them. The symbols have their usual meanings. Marks of each question and corresponding CO and PO are written in the brackets. This is a **CLOSE BOOK Exam**. **Assume reasonable design data if necessary**. Programmable calculators are not allowed.

- 1 (a) A gear reduction unit uses the countershaft shown in the **Figure 1**. Gear *A* receives power from another gear with the transmitted force F_A applied as shown in figure. The power is transmitted through the shaft and delivered through gear *B* through a transmitted force F_B at the pressure angle shown in figure. (25)
- (CO1)
(PO2,
PO3)
- Determine the force F_B , assuming the shaft is running at a constant speed.
 - Find the bearing reaction forces, assuming the bearings act as simple supports.
 - Draw shear-force and bending-moment diagrams for the shaft. If needed, make one set for the horizontal plane and another set for the vertical plane.
 - At the point of maximum bending moment, determine the bending stress and the torsional shear stress.
 - At the point of maximum bending moment, determine the principal stresses and the maximum shear stress.

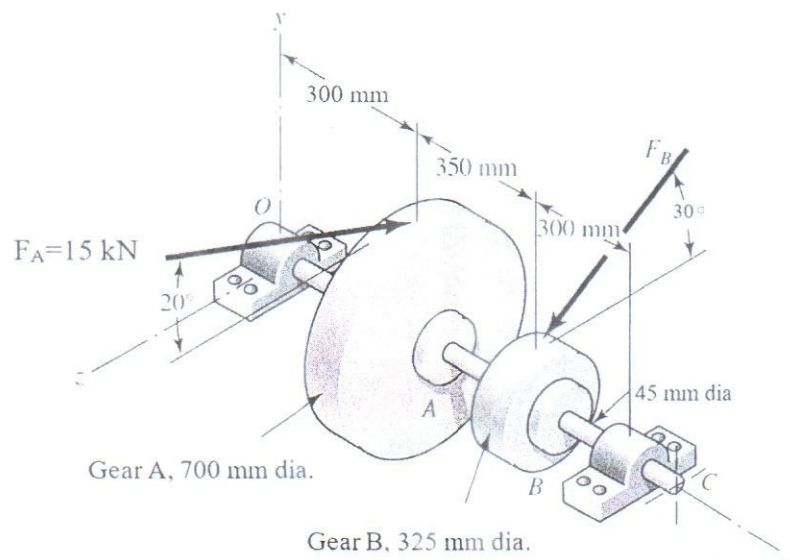


Figure 1

2. The cantilevered bar in the **Figure 2** is made from a brittle material and is statically loaded with $F_x=600$ lbf, $F_y=500$ lbf, and $F_z=-150$ lbf. Design the minimum factor of safety for yielding. Use both the maximum-shear-stress theory and the distortion-energy theory, and compare the results. The material is 1018 CD steel. (25)
- (CO1)
(PO2,
PO3)

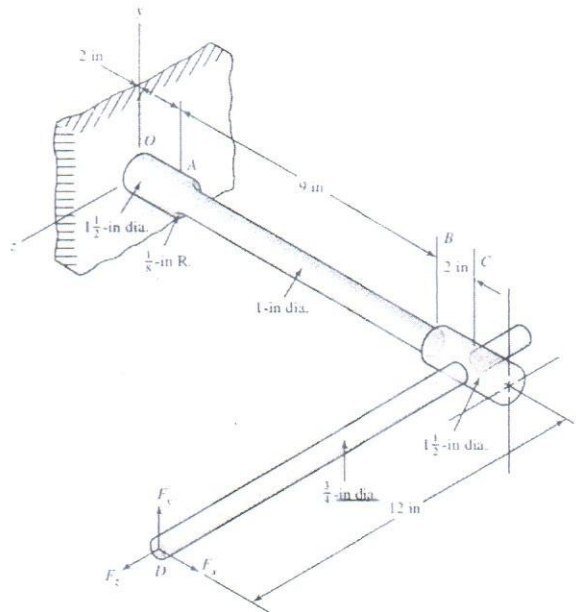


Figure 2

- 3(a) Discuss Failure theories of Ductile material. (10)
(CO1)
(PO1)
(15)
- 3(b) **Figure 3** shows a steel eyebolt, loaded with a force $F=350$ N. The bolt is formed from wire of diameter $d=7$ mm to a radius $R_i=10$ mm in the eye and at the shank. Estimate the stresses at the inner and outer surfaces at section B-B, located along the line between the radius centers. (CO1)
(PO2,
PO3)

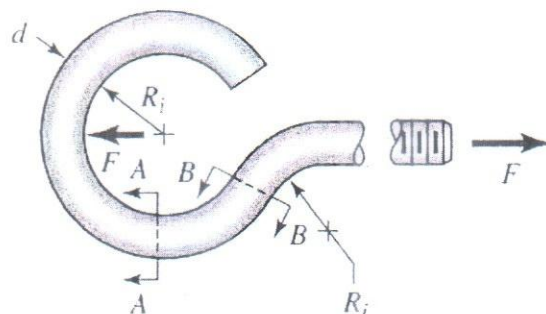


Figure 3