

19

Program: B. Sc. in ME, 6th Semester
Semester: Summer

Date: 16 February, 2023
Time: 10:00 a.m. – 11:30 a.m.

ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)
ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)
DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL AND PRODUCTION ENGINEERING

Mid-Semester Examination
Course Number: ME 4637
Course Title: Computational Mechanics

Summer Semester: 2021 - 2022
Full Marks: 75
Time: 1.5 Hours

There are 3 (Three) questions. Answer **all** of them.
The symbols have their usual meanings. Marks of each question and corresponding CO and PO are written in the brackets. Assume reasonable value for any missing data.

1. a. List the three main approaches to engineering analysis and describe their differences. (6)
(CO1)
(PO1, K3, P1)
- b. Write down the general conservation equation and briefly explain the physical meanings behind each of the terms. (7)
(CO1)
(PO1, K3, P1)
- c. Describe the steps involved in the discretization process. (6)
(CO1)
(PO1, K3, P1)
- d. Explain the concepts of approximation and error in computational techniques. (6)
(CO1)
(PO1, K3, P1)

2. Following is the One Dimensional Diffusion Equation .

$$\frac{d^2\phi}{dx^2} = 6x,$$

Boundary Conditions:

$$\phi(0) = 1, \frac{d\phi}{dx} = 0, \text{ at } x = 1$$

We discretize the domain $0 \leq x \leq 1$ using grid points $x_i, i = 1, \dots, 5$, as shown in the **Figure 1** below



Figure 1

- a. Solve for a finite difference solution on the domain. (18)
(CO2)
(PO5/
PO4, K3/K5, P3/P5)

b. Implement a finite difference solution in MATLAB code.

(12)
(CO2)
(PO5/PO4,
K3/K5,P3/P5)

3. a. Explain Neumann and Dirichlet Boundary Condition.

(5)
(CO1)
(PO1)

b. Poisson equation is as follows:

$$\frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \varphi}{\partial y^2} = Q(x, y)$$

Describe the steps involved in finite difference solution of this equation, consider the rectangle (**Figure 2**) with uniform grid spacing as computational domain.

(15)
(CO2)
(PO5/
PO4,
K3/K5,P3/P5)

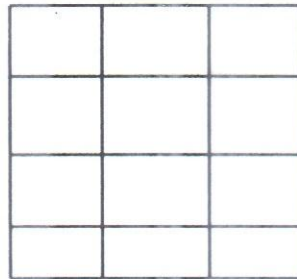


Figure 2