

ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)
ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

Mid-Semester Examination

Course No.: EEE 6297

Course Title: Microwave Engineering

Summer Semester, A. Y. 2021-2022

Time: 90 Minutes

Full Marks: 75

There are 4 (**four**) questions. Answer any 3 (**three**) questions. The symbols have their usual meanings.

1. a) What is the usual frequency range that microwave engineers work with? Mention some of the applications of microwave engineering. **05**

b) Write down the integral and differential forms of Maxwell's equations. Also derive the wave equation for free space from the Maxwell's equations. **10**

c) Show that the propagation constant $\gamma = \sqrt{(R + j\omega L)(G + j\omega C)}$ where $V(z) = Ve^{-\gamma z}$ represents the voltage wave equation for lossy transmission line. **10**

2. a) Derive the following expressions for voltage $v(z, t)$ and current $i(z, t)$ on a transmission line with characteristic impedance Z_0 and phase velocity v_p . **15**

$$v(z, t) = f_1\left(t - \frac{z}{v_p}\right) + f_2\left(t + \frac{z}{v_p}\right)$$

$$i(z, t) = \frac{1}{Z_0} \left[f_1\left(t - \frac{z}{v_p}\right) - f_2\left(t + \frac{z}{v_p}\right) \right]$$

b) The load $Z_L = 25 + j50 \Omega$ is connected to an ideal transmission line with characteristic impedance $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$. The source is 0.5 cm away from the load. The incident voltage is $V_+ = 15 \angle 75^\circ$ and reflected voltage $V_- = 5 \angle 10^\circ$ at the point of source. Calculate the reflection coefficient, return loss, transmission coefficient and insertion loss at the point of load. ($\beta = \pi/2$). **10**

3. a) An ideal transmission line with characteristic impedance $Z_0 = 1/Y_0$ and phase constant, β is connected to the load impedance $Z_L = 1/Y_L$. Show that the input admittance Y_i at a distance l away from the load is given by, **10**

$$Y_i = Y_0 \frac{Y_L \cos \beta l + jY_0 \sin \beta l}{Y_0 \cos \beta l + jY_L \sin \beta l}$$

You may start off the derivation with the wave equations of ideal transmission line in terms of voltage and current in phasor form.

b) A transmission line is connected to the load, $Z_L = 150 + j90 \Omega$. The line has characteristic impedance $Z_0 = 70 \Omega$. The operating frequency is 6 GHz. Using the Smith Chart, find the value of the transmission coefficient at load point, input impedance at a distance of 3.375 cm from the load and, the maximum and minimum impedance. Verify your results obtained from the Smith Chart using the formula. **15**

4. a) Show that an open-circuited transmission line can be used to implement inductor or capacitor of any value. **09**

b) Prove that the same Smith chart can be alternately used as either impedance Smith chart or admittance Smith chart by simply rotating halfway (180°) on SWR circle. **09**

c) Draw the voltage and current wave shapes for short circuited and open circuited transmission lines. Clearly indicate the maxima and minima. **07**

Student No.:

Signature of the Invigilator:

(Please get it signed by the invigilator before using)



