B.Sc. in TE (2-yr) Semester: 3rd

Date: December 15, 2023 Time: 1.30 pm - 4.30 pm

## ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT) ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)

## DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

Semester Final Examination Course No.: EEE 4793 Course Title: Advanced Electronics Winter Semester, A.Y. 2022-2023 Time: 180 Minutes Full Marks: 150

There are 6 (six) questions. Answer 6 (six) questions. All questions carry equal marks. Marks in the margin indicate full marks. Do not write on this question paper. Symbols carry their usual meanings.

- a) Briefly explain direct and indirect semiconductors. From (E, k) diagram, describe direct and indirect electron transition semiconductors.
  - b) Define fermi-dirac distribution function. What will be the shape of Fermi-dirac distribution 10 function at T = 0 K and also at higher temperatures for the following cases.
    - E < E<sub>F</sub>
    - (ii)  $E > E_F$
    - (iii)  $E = E_F$
  - c) A Si sample is doped with 10<sup>19</sup> As atoms/cm<sup>3</sup>. What is the equilibrium hole concentration n<sub>0</sub> at 10 470 K? Where is E<sub>F</sub> relative to E<sub>i</sub>? (n<sub>i</sub> = 1.5 x 10<sup>10</sup>, assuming n<sub>0</sub> = N<sub>d</sub>)
- a) What is effective mass? Calculate the density-of-states effective mass of electrons in Si. Discuss 5 the temperature dependence of carried concentrations.
  - b) Derive the expressions for concentration of electrons and holes in a semiconductor at equilibrium. 10
  - c) Show schematically electrons and holes at thermal equilibrium by using fermi-dirac distribution 10 function, density of states and band diagram for
    - (i) Intrinsic semiconductors
    - (ii) N-type semiconductors
    - (iii) P-type semiconductors
- a) Briefly discuss lattice scattering and impurity scattering.
  - b) Show that current density is proportional to electric field. Use the derivations. Also show current 10 density in terms of mobility.
  - c) A Si bar 1.57 cm long and 152 cm<sup>4</sup> in cross-sectional area is doped with 10<sup>18</sup> cm<sup>3</sup> phosphorus. 10 Find the current at 343 K with 18.5 V applied. How long does it take an average electron to drift 1 cm in pure Si at an electric field of 100 V/cm<sup>2</sup>
- a) Explain the Optical Absorption Process and Photoluminescence.
  - b) A 0.46 mm-thick sample of GaAs is illuminated with monochromatic light of hv = 2eV. The 10 absorption coefficient a is 5 X 10<sup>4</sup> cm<sup>-1</sup>. The power incident on the sample is 10 mW. Find the total energy absorbed by the sample per second.

- 5. a) Explain the diffusion process of forming a Junction.
  - b) An abrupt Si p-n junction has N<sub>a</sub> = 10<sup>18</sup> cm<sup>3</sup> on one side and N<sub>d</sub> = 5 X 10<sup>15</sup> cm<sup>3</sup> on the other. IS Calculate the Fermi level positions at 300 K in the p and n regions.
  - a) Sketch and explain the load line of a Transistor.
    - b) Describe the fundamental working principle of BJT with proper diagram.