Program: B. Sc.(ME) / B. Sc.(IPE)/ B. Sc.(TE) Semester: 8th /8th/4th

Date: 5th March, 2024 (Tuesday) Time: 2:30 pm - 4:00 pm

ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT) ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC) DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL AND PRODUCTION ENGINEERING

Mid Semester Examination Course Number: IPE 4821 Course Title: Machine Tools Summer Semester: 2022-2023 Full Marks: 75

There are three questions. Answer all the questions. The symbols have their usual meanings. Marks of each question are mentioned with the questions and corresponding CO and PO and the total marks are written on the right side. Assume reasonable values of missing data

- 1. a) Upon defining the term machine tool, discuss its unique characteristics. 25 Discuss different methods which can be implemented to enhance the (COI) productivity level of machine tools. (6 Marks) (PO1)
 - b) Classify the machine tools guideway (names only). Suggest the most suitable type of guideway mechanism that can minimize the stick-slip and material wear and justify. (6 Marks)
 - Illustrate a center lathe and label the major parts. (8 Marks) Differentiate between Turret Lathe and Canstan lathe in a tabular format. (5 Marks)
- 25 Illustrate a plain milling cutter and label its major elements. (COI) (5 Marks) (PO1)
 - Illustrate the nomenclature of a single point cutting tool. (5 Marks)
 - b) Differentiate between a shaper and a planer machine in a tabular format. (4 Marks)
 - Illustrate the kinematic system of a shaper machine. (6 Marks)
 - Write a short note on (anyone) of the following topics:
 - Abrasive grains of grinding wheel (5 Marks)
 - Grade of grinding wheel (5 Marks)

 a) Write a short note on the machine tool drive system through the illustration of a simple figure showing the major sub-components. (10 Marks)

(CO2) (PO3)

b) A degin specification of a machine tool shows that it will operate under variable loading omdiness. The expected load variation based on process analysis is shown in Figure 1. For generating primary motion, a motor with machine will transfer the primary motion from far motor to the heling after three shalt ungo a verybe thick. The generating primary motion is the heling after drive shalt ungo a verybe thick. The generation are not to be heling after three shalt ungo a verybe thick. The generation of the motor to the heling after drive shalt ungo a verybe thick. The generation motor to the heling after three shalt ungo the generating primary motion. (15 Marchs)

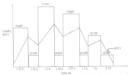


Figure 1: Variable Loading Condition of Designed Machine Tool of question 3(b).

7) pe of Transmission or Support	Coefficient of Efficiency
Belt drive with flat belt	0.98
Beli drive with V-beli	0.96
Spar gear deixe	0.98
Helical gear drive	0.97
Bevel pravdrive	0.96
Ball or roller bearing	0.995
Crank and slider mechanism	0.90
Jaw clutch	0.95
Multiple-disc friction claim operating in oil	0.90

Table 1.1 Values of coefficient of efficiency for various transmission and supports

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