

## ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT) ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC) Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

SEMESTER FINAL EXAMINATION DURATION: 3 HOURS SUMMER SEMESTER, 2022-2023 FULL MARKS: 150

## SWE 4803: Software Project Management

Programmable calculators are not allowed. Do not write anything on the question paper. Answer all 6 (six) questions. Figures in the right margin indicate full marks of questions with corresponding COs and POs in parentheses.

1. Based on the data provided in Table 1, answer the following questions -

Task	Preceding	Duration (in weeks)						
	Task	Optimistic	Most Likely	Pessimistic				
Start		0	0	0				
Task A	Start	3	5	10				
Task B	Task F	3	4	8				
Task C	Task H	6	8	10				
Task D	Start	2	4	6				
Task E	Task D	5	7	12				
Task F	Task A, Task D	5	7	9				
Task G	Task E, Task F	3	4	8				
Task H	Task G	4	6	11				
End	Task C. Task B	0	0	0				

## Table 1: Data for Ouestion 1

- a) Considering three-point estimation, calculate the duration of the critical path.
- b) Find the float of tasks B, D, and E.
- c) To accelerate the project schedule, the sponsor suggests excluding task E and revising the project plan to have task D directly precede both tasks F and G. What impact will this modification have on the project?
- d) With a precedence diagram, show all the logical relationships among the tasks.
- e) Calculate the critical path duration using the program evaluation review technique (PERT).
- 2. a) A software development company invests \$10,000 annually in a comprehensive quality assummer (G). Process to essume defective software release. Despite these efficits, an expected average of 60 defects per quarterly release still occur, leading to additional costs for each post-release defect, and each defect incurs significant customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 de to service detruitions and customer support expenses averaging \$30,000 detruitions averaging \$30,00
  - b) When should a project manager use analogous estimation technique for cost estimation?
  - c) Which type of power does the project manager primarily demonstrate? Mention other types 10 of power of a project manager with appropriate examples.
  - a) Imagine a company is developing a new software application and several potential risks 5×3 could impact the project's success. The project team has identified the following risks: (COS)

- External factors such as natural disasters, geopolitical events, or economic downturns may impact project timelines, budgets, or resource availability.
- Shifts in market demands or competitive landscape could necessitate changes to project goals, priorities, or features.
- Difficulty in integrating the new software application with existing systems or thirdparty services could impact functionality and performance.
- The project may encounter issues or delays due to dependencies on specific technologies, tools, or platforms that could become unavailable or outdated.
- · The project may experience budget overruns due to unforeseen circumstances.

Identify the strategies to deal with the risks mentioned above with proper justification.

b) Assume that a software development team has three QA members working on a project, and the project manager wants to monitor the number of bugs reported each day over 15 days to (CO) and the project manager manager of the provided data, construct a statistical process control chart and identify the out-of control signals.

	Day														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
QA1	4	4	3	3	2	5	5	4	5	5	1	1	10	8	1
QA2	4	4	3	3	2	3	5	5	5	5	1	1	4	8	1
QA3	4	2	3	2	3	3	4	4	6	5	3	1	3	4	2

		ion 3.b

- 4. a) You are a project manager for a large T or galaxies. Your current project team consists of 3+7 individuals from diverse backgrounds and kill its: While the team members are laterized, they initially find varying optimizes, you infinitial optimation and and the results in the project programmers and approximately on the finited optimation and the set of the project regression and the project regression of the project regression making among the group. They developed share mores, while, and were known shares, we developed terms in the argument. They collectively address project regression is the project regression making addression of the strengtheness of the standard project regression. The project regression of the project regr
  - b) Dependency determination is used as a tool to sequence the project activities. Mention different kinds of dependencies with proper examples.
  - c) How can the burndown chart be utilized to effectively manage and control project schedules? 7
- 5. a) A company is managing a software development project for 12 months with a budget of \$100000. ArX body, it is observed and \$600 of the budget is basebund with the 0.0400 of the \$00000 of the 0.0000 of the given indexes of the budget is basebund with the optimate by this time. There do not all given indexes of the budget and the preference of \$0000 of the 0.0000 of the given indexes of the budget and the preference at completion (FACC) What is the TCPF that would be preference to complete the project within the original budget?
  - b) What are the various sources of conflict within a project environment? Explain the strategies 3 + 7 that can be employed to effectively resolve these conflicts. (CON)

c) A software development company is developing a new enline backing application that alwas to revolutionize the way extensions manage their financea's the project involves integrating with multiple third-party financeal systems and implementing advanced security means to proster strainibility exists on additional trainibility of the tance comprises studied developent, testers, and project managers dedicated to delivering a high-party hashing platforms could after the mean entry investigation. The development in miniple straining and approximation is associated and a straining platform and the straining p

The interconnected nature of project risks means that a failure in one area could cascade into multiplo other risks, affecting projects success. Moreover, atsokeholders, including contomers and regulators, perceive security and reliability as parametours, highlighting the cirit cirit in intercent of the software means that is project. Given the complexity of the software development project aimed at launching a secure online banking application, which risk parameters are present in the described secaratio?

- 5. a) What are the reasons for closing a project?
  - b) What is process tailoring? What aspects need to be considered when adapting or customizing a process?
  - c) Vendor X has a 50° probability of being on-time, a 30° probability of being tate at an additional cost of \$400,000 and 20° probability of delivering early at a various of \$230,000. Vendor Y has a 30° probability of being on-time, a 40° probability of being late at an additional cost of \$40,000 and a 10° probability of delivering early at a various of \$230,000. Bolt of \$40,000 and a 10° probability of delivering early at a various of \$230,000. Bolt on \$40,000 and a 10° probability of delivering early at a various \$230,000 and \$100,000 and \$40,000 and a 10° probability of delivering early at a various \$23,000 and \$100 and \$23,000 and \$100 arr \$200 arr \$100 arr \$10
  - d) The differences between managing people and leading people can be linked to a project managers personality and ability to interact with individuals and groups. Why does a project manager need to have both leadership and management skills in order to be the most effective?

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